

Guà Pedagògica N° 9

Escuela: E.P.E.T N° 3

Area Curricular: Inglès Tècnico III

Año: 6

Divisiòn: 1 y 2

Ciclo: Orientado.

Turnos: Vespertino

Docente: Virginia Tello

Contenido:

- Lectura comprensiva
- Vocabulario específico.
- Revisiòn de tiempos verbales y clàusulas condicionales.

Objetivos:

- Revisar los contenidos vistos durante el año.

Bibliografia:

- Choices_Jones Vaughan_Pre Intermediate_ Pearson

Guia Pedagògica N° 9

1- Read this magazine article about materials.

ARCHITECTURE

Wood is one of the oldest materials used in construction. In the past, there were large areas of forests and wood was the most popular of all building materials. It was used for building homes, fortresses and small bridges.

In Ancient Mesopotamia and Palestine, about 9000 years ago, there wasn't any wood. People started using earth to make bricks. Brick was a very strong and versatile material and its use quickly extended to other areas. Native Americans of the pre-Columbian civilizations also used bricks thousands of years ago. They made houses of adobe brick, a mixture of clay and straw dried in the sun.

At present there are many types of bricks. Common brick is used for the interiors of buildings. Facing brick is smoother than common brick. It has more attractive appearance and it is used for the most visible parts of buildings- front walls, for example. Flooring brick is the hardest type of brick and it is used for factory floors in heavy use.

The invention of concrete by the Romans in the second century BC revolutionized the history of architecture. Concrete is an artificial material made from a mixture of cement and, water and aggregates (sand or gravel). It was perfected in the 19th century with the development of a waterproof cement and, today it is the most popular building material in the world.

In the 19th century steel became abundant and the Americans started combining concrete with steel for the construction of large buildings.

2- Write the words underlined from the text in exercise 1 next to their Spanish translation.

English word	Spanish Translation
	concreto
	acero
	arena
	grava
	madera
	paja
	arcilla
	ladrillo

Guia Pedagògica N° 9

3- Answer.

- a- What did people use to build houses in forested areas?
- b- Where did people start making bricks?
- c- What are the different types of brick?
- d- What is concrete made from?
- e - Is steel often used for the construction of buildings?

4- Read the text again and extract an example of Simple Past.

5- Write the verbs in the correct form. Use conditional clauses type I and II.

- a- What (you do) if there(be) an earthquake in a seismic area?
- b- If facing bricks (not have) an attractive appearance, people (not use) them for the most visible parts of buildings?
- c- If people (live) in a forested area, they probably..... (use) wood to build their houses.
- d- Which building material (people use) in the area Native Americans civilizations.....(live)?

Director: Arq. Eduardo Yañez.