**ESCUELA: CENS RIM 22** 

**DOCENTE: MARIANA PEREZ R.** 

**AÑO: 3° ENFERMERÍA** 

**TURNO: TARDE** 

AREA CURRICULAR: INGLÉS

TÍTULO: Pasado Simple del verbo "To be"

#### **CONTENIDO:**

Pasado del Verbo "To be". Afirmativo, Negativo e Interrogativo. Vocabulario referido al tema. Expresiones de Tiempo Pasado.

CAPACIDAD: Resolución de Problemas.

Aprender a Aprender

Comunicación

Compromiso y Responsabilidad

OBJETIVO: Referirse a situaciones pasadas usando el verbo "To Be"

### **DESARROLLO DE ACTIVIDADES:**

## **GUÍA Nº 5**

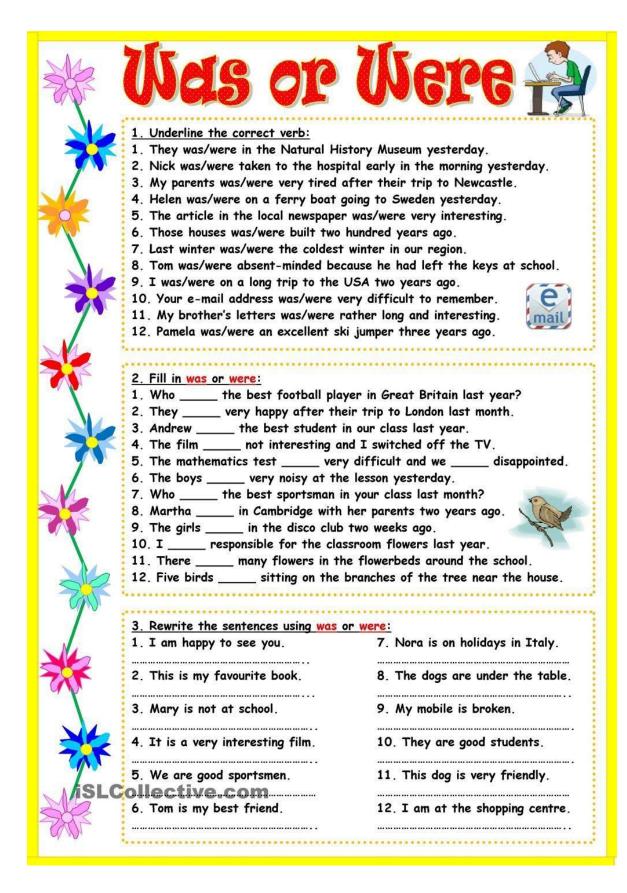
1) Simple Past of "To be" (Pasado Simple del verbo "To be")

AFFIRMATIVE		NEG	ATIVE	INTERROGATIVE		
I YOU HE	WAS WERE	I YOU	WASN'T WEREN'T	WAS WERE	I ? YOU ?	
SHE	- WAS	SHE	WASN'T	WAS	SHE ? IT ?	
YOU THEY	- WERE	YOU THEY	WEREN'T	WERE <	WE ? YOU ? THEY ?	

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2)	COMPLETAR:
	El Pasado Simple del verbo <b>TO BE</b> tiene dos formas: and
	<b>WAS</b> se usa con, y
	<b>WERE</b> se usa con, y
	El verbo <b>TO BE</b> significa "ser o estar"
	En pasado <b>WAS</b> significa o
	En pasado <b>WERE</b> significa o
3)	LEER LAS ORACIONES Y ELEGIR EL SIGNIFICADO CORRECTO
	Pablo Picasso was a famous Spanish artist (era / estaba)
	My family was in Cordoba last year (era / estuvo)
	John Lennon was a very famous musician (era / estaba)
	Leonardo Da Vinci and Miguel Angel were very good artists (eran / estaban)
	My little brothers were at home during the quarantine (eran / estuvieron)
	They were very famous in the past (fueron / estaban)
	She was in hospital last weekend (era / estuvo)
	Recordar que en Castellano existen 2 formas de Pasado. Por ello podemos decir: estuvo o estaba, fue o era. Debemos leer e interpretar la oración en Inglés para luego darle el sentido más adecuado en el contexto

**EJERCITACIÖN:** 



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0000	S K		Ele	st Te mentary	exerc	cise	s	vere A	
		he past t	tense of to	be.					
999	Affirma I He She It	was was not wasn't	at home	yesterday.	Was	I he she it	2000 HOUSE	yesterday?	
99	You We They	were were not weren't	on holiday	last week.	Were	you		0.00 (	
2) 3) 3) 4) 5) 6) 6) 7) 8) 9) 10	She	my birt i an apple. in a in a doll. a good th a Free a bea	e classroom. thday last  n the train. bookshop pupil. iis? nch lesson. nutiful city.	2) I	at home. \$\iff \text{is my frien}\$ am a man.  is an umbre that is a bird.	d.	s at home. I	wasn't at home	
0 13 0 14	12) He my brother.  13) I in London today.  14) We on holiday.  15) The doctor here.				These are your pens and pencils.     They are happy people.				
10		rite some : vere, wasn'	true sentenc t, weren't.	es 7) Ti	nis is a kitch	en.			
9 9				8) Ti	nose are two	bags,	a ruler and a	rubber.	
9 -				9) W	e are in.				
0 -					ou are my br	other.	9		

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# GRAMMAR WORKSHEET 'BE' VERB: PAST



# **Positives, Negatives and Questions**

•	Write the sentences below in the past simple.	
1.	I am late I was late.	
	Automorphism I am I am anno	
	Thomas isn't at school.	
4.	Why is she late?	
5.	My brother is a doctor.	
6.	They aren't here.	
7.	Eva is a teacher.	
8.	Is Mr. Smith a taxi driver?	
9.	Where are your books?	
10.	Are you a student?	
11.	What is that?	
12.	Sue isn't tired.	
13.	My holiday is nice.	
14.	Why are you happy?	
15.	The pen is blue.	
16.	Am I the winner?	
17.	Is the answer correct?	
18.	Who is sick?	
19.	We are hungry.	
20.	That is funny.	

### **CRITERIOS DE EVALUACIÓN:**

Realiza la actividad con prolijidad y esmero

Utiliza las formas gramaticales adecuadas en la resolución de la ejercitación

Considera al realizar las actividades los aspectos semánticos del tema

**DIRECTORA:** VICTORINA GONZALEZ