

GUIA PEDAGÓGICA N°4

Escuela: CENS Caucete

Docente: Escudero Carina

Curso: 3º 1º

Turno: noche

Espacio curricular: Inglés

Título: Adverbs and prepositions

Contenidos:

- Adverbs of frequency
- Prepositions o time

Activities

1- Remember!(Recuerda)

Cuando estamos en presente simple es común emplear adverbios de frecuencia y preposiciones de tiempo. A continuación una breve explicación de ambos.

- ❖ Los **adverbios de frecuencia** son palabras **como** always (siempre), sometimes (a veces) y never (nunca). Los usamos para decir con **qué frecuencia** sucede algo

frequency	adverbs	examples
100%	always	You're always late.
90%	usually	We usually go to the cinema on Sunday.
70%	often	He often cooks pasta.
50%	sometimes	We sometimes order pizza for dinner.
10%	hardly ever rarely	She hardly ever smiles.
0%	never	They are never at home when we call.

2- Find the order (encuentra el orden)

Supermarket / Never / goes / he / to / the

Always / read/ my/ I / mails

3-Rewrite the sentences with the adverbs of frequency.(Reescribe las oraciones con adverbios de frecuencia)

Example :Chris goes to the cinema. (often)

Chris often goes to the cinema.

Helen drinks coffee. (never)

We watch TV. (sometimes)

She goes to bed at eleven o`clock. (usually)

- ❖ Las **preposiciones de tiempo** se utilizan para indicar cuando sucedió algo. Como vimos en la lección anterior, las tres **preposiciones** más comunes ("in", "at", "on"), pueden ser utilizadas como **preposiciones de lugar** o **preposiciones de tiempo**



at	in	on
PRECISE TIME	MONTHS, YEARS, CENTURIES and LONG PERIODS	DAYS and DATES
at 3 o'clock	in May	on Sunday
at 10.30am	in summer	on Tuesdays
at noon	in the summer	on 6 March
at dinnertime	in 1990	on 25 Dec. 2010
at bedtime	in the 1990s	on Christmas Day
at sunrise	in the next century	on Independence Day
at sunset	in the Ice Age	on my birthday
at the moment	in the past/future	on New Year's Eve

4- Ingresa al siguiente link para ver cómo usamos estas preposiciones en inglés

https://www.google.com/search?safe=active&bih=792&biw=1536&hl=es&sxsrf=ALeKk01fPlwTgKfJ5srMGB7HuGmEwx7P6A%3A1585952679384&ei=p7eHXr_5Fq7B5OUPnZ6OgAI&q=preposiciones+de+tiempo+en+ingles&oq=preposiciones+de+tiempo+en+ingles&gs_lcp=CgZwc3ktYWIQAzIHCAAQFBCHAjICCAAyAggAMgcIABAUElcCMgIIADICCAAyAggAMgIIADICCAAyAggAOgQIABBHOgQIixAnOgQIABBDQgclIxDqAhAnOgoIABCDARAUElcCOgcIABCDARBDQgUIABCDAUovCBcSKzBnMTgxZzEyOWcxMzNnMTMzZzEyOWc4LTEyNmcxMjdnM

5- Completa las oraciones de la imagen usando at/in/on

NAME: _____ DATE: _____

GRAMMAR WORKSHEET

PREPOSITIONS OF TIME: AT / IN / ON

- Complete the sentences below with at, in, or on.

1. He always gets up at seven o'clock in the morning.
2. Our flight to London leaves _____ the second of July.
3. Sharon's birthday is _____ January.
4. My grandfather was born _____ 1953.
5. I stayed up really late last night. I went to bed _____ midnight.
6. Did you do anything special _____ your birthday?
7. Stewart usually goes cycling _____ the evenings after work.
8. In Canada, it always snows _____ winter.
9. Would you like to join us for dinner _____ Thursday?
10. I like to read stories to my kids _____ bedtime.
11. That store isn't open _____ Sunday mornings.
12. We sometimes eat our lunch in the cafeteria _____ noon.
13. Hurry up! The train will leave _____ a few minutes.
14. My brother often goes swimming _____ the weekend.
15. Our classes finish at three _____ the afternoon.
16. The Beatles were a popular music band _____ the 1960s.
17. I sometimes get up _____ sunrise and do exercise.
18. What time does he go to work _____ the morning?
19. Do you and your family ever go traveling _____ summer?
20. What time do you go to bed _____ night?



Evaluación: Enviar el trabajo por mail o por wsp a la profesora.

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Socialización y revisión de las tareas cuando se retomen las actividades mediante repaso oral y escrito.

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